







EPD program operator	Epsten Group, a Salas O'Brien Company 101 Marietta St NW Suite 2600 Atlanta, GA 30303 www.epstengroup.com
General program instructions & version	
Manufacturer's name	Sto Corp. 3800 Camp Creek Parkway SW, Building 1400, Suite 120 Atlanta, GA 30331 www.stocorp.com (800) 221-2397
Site(s) in which the results of the LCA are representative	STO manufacturing site in Atlanta, GA
Declaration Number	01-013
Declared Product & Functional Unit	StoColl One square meter (m ²) of 450mm x 450mm tile with a 3mm joint width with an as- sumed reference service life (RSL) of 75 years
PCR Identification	UL Part A: Life cycle Assessment Calculation Rules and Reporting Requirements v4.0 UL Part B: Cement-based Grout, Adhesive Mortar and Self-Leveling Underlayment v1, UL 10010-39, v1.0
Product's intented application and use	For protection of facades and interior walls/ceilings
Porduct RSL	75 years
Markets of applicability	North America
Date of certification	October 8 th , 2024
Period of validity	5 years from date of certification
EPD type	Product-specific
EPD scope	Cradle to grave
Year of reported primary data	Calendar year 2021
LCA software and version Number	LCA for Experts (formerly GaBi) 10.7
LCI database and version Number	MLC (formerly GaBi) Database Version 2023.2
LCIA methodology and version number	IPCC AR5, TRACI 2.1 and CML-2016
	Jim Mellentine
The sub-category PCR review was conducted by	Jack Geibig
	Thomas Gloria, Ph.D.
This declaration was independently verified in accordance with ISO 21930:2017, ISO 14025: 2006 and the reference PCR: PCR for Architectural Coatings: NAICS 325510 Internal External	Megan Blizzard Megan.Blizzard@salasobrien.com
This life cycle assessment was independently verified in ac- cordance with ISO 21930:2017, ISO 14044 and the reference PCR by:	Angela Fisher, Aspire Sustainability angela@aspiresustainability.com

Limitations

Environmental product declarations from different EPD programs (ISO 14025) may not be comparable. Comparison of the environmental performance of Cladding Product Systems using EPD information shall be based on the product's use and impacts at the building level, and therefore EPDs may not be used for comparability purposes when not considering the building energy use phase.

> Company

We believe in 'Building with conscience'.

That means ensuring that all building products are not only safe, effective and easy to install, but also environmentally responsible and sustainable. We know you're always looking for the smartest and newest technology to create energy efficient buildings with superior aesthetics.

That's exactly what our products help you achieve. Products like our wall systems, coatings and finishes are consistent favorites among design professionals, contractors and property owners alike. Whatever your needs or vision may be, we offer products for every type of building project; whether it's new construction, restoration or panelization, commercial or residential work.

An architect or specifier focuses on aesthetics and feasibility, a contractor needs products that are easy to work with, and a building owner requires high value and low costs on properties. Sto understands these unique needs, and delivers the smart, innovative materials and solutions that make this all possible. That's why Sto remains the innovative leader in integrated exterior wall systems.

When you combine that commitment to product support and innovation with value-added offerings like consultative design and color services through <u>Sto Studio</u> or training in proper application techniques through the Sto Institute, you get an integrated exterior wall system solution unmatched in the industry.

Manufacturing Sites Covered in this EPD

Atlanta, GA Plant

Product Identification

The product declared in this EPD is StoColl (product number 81789).

>> Application

While this product has versatile applications in commercial building settings, this product is intended to be used as a component in Sto's fully customizable exterior and insulation finish systems (EIFS) for building envelope solutions.



> Product Description

StoColl is a polymer modified portland cement adhesive mortar for installing adhered masonry veneer (AMV) – thin brick, thin stone, ceramic tile, and manufac-tured stone. Use it in Sto proprie-tary Masonry Veneer Engineered Wall Systems (MVES) or over prepared vertical above grade con-crete, concrete masonry (CMU), and stucco walls.

This product falls under CSI division 07 24 16 and the following production code: ANSI A118.14 and ANSI A118.15.

>> Performance Features

One-component Polymer-modified		Complies with ANSI A118.14 and ANSI A118.15
Compatible with thin brick, stone, tile, and manufactured stone		ptimal Open Time and Pot Life

>> Technical Details

Table 1: Technical Data for Product

Performance*	Test Method	Result	Unit
Wet Density (when installed)	n/a	1,362	kg/m ³
Tensile Strength	ASTM C-297	Not Tested	MPa @ 28 days
Impact Strength	EIMA 101.86	Not Tested	
Shear Strength	ANSI A118.4 and A118.15	Meets Minimum Strength	kg/m2
Pot Life	n/a	60-90	minutes
Mixture Proportion	n/a	0.271	liters liquid/kg powder
Microorganism Resistance	n/a	N/A	
Open Time	n/a	30	

Because this product can serve several functions and is an individual component intended for use in Sto's wall systems, not all technical properties specified by the PCR for individual components apply. The technical properties and product performance criteria depend on the combination of products in the wall system. As such, the following table declares the product performance when used in Sto wall systems.

	Table 2: Technical Data for Product	as a Component of Sto Wall Systems	
Meets Requirements of	ASTM Classification	Evaluation Criteria:	Evaluation Report Reference
2021 IBC, IRC and IECC	ANSI 118.14 and ANSI 118.15	AC 235	ESR 1748 / ESR 4500 / Sto/CWP 30-01

Material Composition

The material compositions of StoColl are listed below:

Table 3: Material com	position of Product
Ingredient*	Masss %
Silica	51%
Portland cement	40%
Ethylene Vinyl Acetate Copolymer	7%
Additives	2%
Thickening Agent	<1%
Water	<1%

* The product does not contain hazardous substances per the EPA's Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

» Components related to Life Cycle Assessment

The functional unit for the LCA study was covering and protecting 1 square meter (m²) of installed 450mm x 450mm tile with a 3mm joint width with an assumed reference service life (RSL) of 75 years. The reference flow required for the functional unit is calculated

based on the product lifespan scenarios prescribed in the PCR. The reference flow required for one functional unit is provided in Table 4 for each lifetime.

Table 4: R	eference flow for one fu	inctional unit
	Functional Unit	Reference Flow [kg]
StoColl	1m ² for 75 years	Product: 5.66E+00 Water: 1.54E+00

» Scope and Boundaries of the Life Cycle Assessment

The LCA was performed in accordance with ISO 14040 standards. The study is a cradle-to-grave LCA and includes the following life stages as prescribed in the PCR.

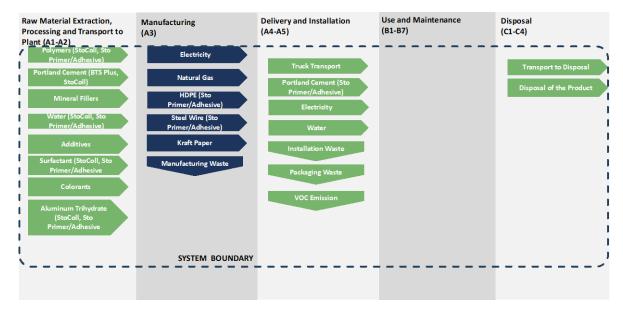


Figure 1: Life stages for the cradle-to-grave LCA

> Cut-off Criteria

Material inputs greater than 1% (based on total mass of the final product) were included within the scope of analysis. Material inputs less than 1% were included if sufficient data was available to warrant inclusion and/or the material input was thought to have significant environmental impact. Cumulative excluded material inputs and environmental impacts are less than 5% based on total weight of the functional unit.

» Data Quality

The overall data quality level was determined to be good. Primary data was collected from Sto's facility in Atlanta, GA for the 2021 reference year. When primary data did not exist, secondary data were obtained from the MLC Database Service. Overall, both primary and secondary data are considered good quality in terms of geographic, temporal and technological coverage.

Stimates and Assumption

Assumptions were made to represent the cradle-to-grave environmental performance of Sto's products. These assumptions were made in accordance with the PCR and include the transportation distances, the disposal of packaging material and the product at its end of life and use phase assumptions.

>> Allocation

General principles of allocation were based on ISO 14040/44. Where possible, allocation was avoided. When allocation was necessary it was done on a physical mass basis.

> Product Stage (A1-A3)

StoColl is produced at Sto's Atlanta, GA facility. This stage includes an aggregation of raw material extraction, supplier processing, delivery, manufacturing and packaging by Sto. StoColl is supplied in 23-kg paper bags.

Delivery and Installation Stage (A4-A5)

The design and construction process stage starts with the packaged product leaving the production site and ends with being delivered to the application site.

During this stage, the finished product is moved from a shipping dock for distribution. The end gate is the application site after the purchaser acquires the finished product and transports it to the application site.

The installation stage begins when the user prepares the product before applying it to a substrate and ends with any leftover coating and discarded packaging entering the end-of-life stage. Detailed application instructions are provided online. The application procedure includes mixing and applying. As recommended, an electric drill/mixer and a spray pump are assumed to be used for mixing and application. The equipment is not included in the study as these are multi-use tools and the impacts per declared unit is considered negligible, but electricity to power application tools has been included.

As prescribed in the PCR, 4.5% of the wet mass of StoColl is assumed to be unused and properly disposed of.

Table 5: Transport to Building Site (A4)		
Property	Value	
Vehicle Type	Heavy Heavy-duty Diesel Truck / 53,333 lb payload - 8b	
Fuel Efficiency [L/100km]	42	
Fuel Type	Diesel	
Distance [km]	9.93E+02	
Capacity Utilization [%]	67%	
Weight of Products Transporte`d [kg]	5.69E+00	



Product Density [kg/m ³]	1.50E+03
Capacity utilization volume factor	=1

Property	Value
Net Freshwater Consumption [m ³]	1.54E-03
VOC emission [kg]	0.00E+00
Electricity Usage [kWh]	9.16E-03
Product wastage [%]	4.5%
Waste materials at the construction site before waste processing, generated by product installation [kg]	3.37E-01
Packaging Waste to Landfill [kg]	6.90E-03
Packaging Waste to Incineration [kg]	1.67E-03
Packaging Waste to Recycling [kg]	1.84E-02
Distance to disposal facility [km]	3.22E+01

Table 6: Installation Scenario Details (A5)

>> Use Stage (B1-B7)

This stage contains all of the energy, water, and materials related to the use of the product, including cleaning, maintenance, and replacements. StoColl does not require any energy or material for providing its functions. The reference service life of the product is 75 years. This service life scenario is valid only when the product is used as intended in Sto's proprietary engineerd wall system assemblies. The details are in Table 7.

Table 7: Replacement Scenario Detail	Table	7:	Rep	lacement	Scenario	Details
--------------------------------------	-------	----	-----	----------	----------	---------

Product	Value
ESL [years]	75
RSL [years]	75
Replacement (System-based Life)	0

End-of-Life Stage (C1-C4)

In this stage, the disposal of installation waste, packaging waste and product waste at its end of life is included. The disposal pathway of each waste stream is modeled based on the recommendation of PCR and US EPA's 2018 waste management fact sheet.

Table 8: End-of-life scenario details details				
Waste Flow	Value			
Collected as Mixed Construction Waste [kg]	6.89E+00			
Waste to Landfill [kg]	6.89E+00			
Distance to Landfill [kg]	3.22E+01			

>> Life Cycle Assessment Results

As prescribed by the PCR, TRACI 2.1 impact characterization methodology and IPCC 5th assessment report are adopted to calculate the environment impacts. Table 9 provides the acronym key of the impact indicators declared in this EPD.

	Table 9: LCIA impact category and LCI Indicator keys	
Abbreviation	Parameter	Unit
	IPCC AR5	
GWP	Global warming potential (100 years, includes biogenic CO2)	kg CO₂ eq
AP	TRACI 2.1	
EP	Acidification potential of soil and water Eutrophication potential	kg SO₂ eq kg N eq
ODP	Depletion of stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC 11 eq
SFP	Smog formation potential	kg O ₃ eq
JIF	CML 2001-Jan 2016	kg O3 eq
ADPF	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	MJ, net calorific value
	Carbon Emissions and Uptake	
BCRP	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Product	[kg CO ₂]
BCEP	Biogenic Carbon Emission from Product	[kg CO ₂]
BCRK	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Packaging	[kg CO ₂]
BCEK	Biogenic Carbon Emission from Packaging	[kg CO ₂]
BCEW	Biogenic Carbon Emission from Combustion of Waste from Renewable Sources Used in Production Processes	[kg CO ₂]
CCE	Calcination Carbon Emissions	[kg CO ₂]
CCR	Carbonation Carbon Removals	[kg CO ₂]
CWNR	Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Non- Renewable Sources used in Production Pro- cesses	[kg CO ₂]
	Resource Use Parameters	
RPR _E	Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw mate- rials	MJ, net calorific value (LHV)
RPR _M	Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ, net calorific value
NRPRE	Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ, net calorific value
NRPR _M	Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ, net calorific value
SM	Use of secondary materials	kg
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	MJ, net calorific value
NRSF	Use of non-renewable secondary fuels	MJ, net calorific value
RE	Recovered energy	MJ, net calorific value
FW	Net use of fresh water	m³
	Waste Parameters	
HWD	Disposed-of-hazardous waste	kg
NHWD	Disposed-of non-hazardous waste	kg
HLRW	High-level radioactive waste, conditioned, to final repository	kg
ILLRW	Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste, conditioned, to final repository	kg
CRU	Components for reuse	kg
MR	Materials for recycling	kg
MER	Materials for energy recovery	kg
EEE	Exported electrical energy	MJ
EET	Exported thermal energy	MJ

Table 9: LCIA impact category and LCI Indicator keys



>> StoColl

The LCIA results presented below are for 1 m^2 of StoColl for 75 years.

Impact Category	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4
IPCC AR5														
GWP [kg CO ₂ eq]	4.88E+00	4.12E-01	2.59E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.32E-02	0.00E+00	1.17E-01
TRACI LCIA Impacts (North America)														
AP [kg SO₂ eq]	9.59E-03	2.02E-03	5.76E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.93E-05	0.00E+00	6.01E-04
EP [kg N eq]	1.06E-03	1.75E-04	6.16E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.00E-06	0.00E+00	2.64E-05
ODP [kg CFC 11 eq]	1.16E-13	1.05E-15	6.08E-15	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.39E-17	0.00E+00	5.57E-15
SFP [kg O₃ eq]	2.09E-01	4.67E-02	1.22E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	8.97E-04	0.00E+00	1.10E-02
CML 2001-Jan 2016														
ADPF [MJ]	6.46E+01	5.68E+00	3.32E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.83E-01	0.00E+00	1.76E+00
					Ca	arbon Emissi	ons and Upt	ake						
BCRP [kg CO ₂]	4.32E-02	0.00E+00	1.94E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEP [kg CO ₂]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.94E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.32E-02
BCRK [kg CO ₂]	4.07E-02	0.00E+00	1.83E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEK [kg CO ₂]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.25E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEW [kg CO ₂]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
CCE [kg CO ₂]	1.95E+00	0.00E+00	8.79E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
CCR [kg CO ₂]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
CWNR [kg CO ₂]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

Impact Category	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4
Resource Use Indicators														
RPR _E [MJ]	5.85E+00	2.28E-01	3.04E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.37E-03	0.00E+00	2.12E-01
RPR _M [MJ]	4.18E-01	0.00E+00	1.88E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
NRPR _E [MJ]	5.08E+01	5.73E+00	2.73E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.85E-01	0.00E+00	1.81E+00
NRPR _M [MJ]	9.67E+00	0.00E+00	4.35E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
SM [kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
RSF [MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
NRSF [MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
RE [MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
FW [m ³]	3.74E-02	7.83E-04	7.91E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.53E-05	0.00E+00	2.25E-04
					Out	put Flows ar	nd Waste Cat	egories						
HWD [kg]	9.09E-09	1.65E-11	4.12E-10	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	5.32E-13	0.00E+00	4.52E-11
NHWD [kg]	3.39E-01	4.99E-04	2.67E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.61E-05	0.00E+00	5.43E+00
HLRW [kg]	2.36E-06	1.95E-08	1.17E-07	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	6.29E-10	0.00E+00	2.24E-08
ILLRW [kg]	1.98E-03	1.64E-05	9.87E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	5.29E-07	0.00E+00	2.01E-05
CRU [kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
MR [kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.84E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
MER [kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
EE [MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

Interpretation

For all the products in study, the majority of the environmental impacts come from the Product Stage, which includes raw material sourcing, transportation and manufacturing. Distribution to customer (A4) also contributes significantly (10% or more) to AP, EP, and SFP impacts. All other life cycle stages contribute less than 10% each to the cradle-to-grave impacts in all impact categories.

>> Reference

- Life Cycle Assessment, LCA report for Sto Corp. WAP Sustainability, July 2024
- BTY Group. (2001). Life-cycle Cost Study of Stucco and EIFS Exterior Wall Systems.
- CML Department of Industrial Ecology. (2016, September 05). CML-IA Characterisation Factors. Retrieved from https://www.universiteitleiden.nl/en/research/research-output/science/cml-ia-characterisation-factors
- Frauenhofer IBP. (2015). Assessing The Long-Term Performance of Applied External Thermal Insulation Composite Systems (ETICs).
- IPCC. (2013). Climate Change 2013: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Group I to the Fifth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. [Stocker, T.F., D. Qin, G.-K. Plattner, M. Tignor, S.K. Allen, J. Boschung, A. Nauels, Y. Xia, V. Bex and P.M. Midgley (eds.)]. Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA: Cambridge University Press.
- ISO. (2006). ISO 14025: Environmental labels and declarations Type III environmental declarations Principles and procedures. Geneva: International Organization for Standardization.
- ISO. (2006). ISO 14040/Amd 1:2020: Environmental management Life cycle assessment Principles and framework. Geneva: International Organization for Standardization.
- ISO. (2006). ISO 14044/Amd 1:2017/Amd 2:2020: Environmental Management Life cycle assessment Requirements and Guidelines. Geneva: International Organization for Standardization.
- ISO. (2017). ISO 21930: Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products and services. Geneva: International Organization for Standardization.
- Sto SE & Co. KGaA and Sto Scandinavia AB. (2020). ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION: StoVentec R. Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU).
- UL Environment. (2022). Part A: Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules and Report Requirements, UL 10010, V4
- UL Environment. (2023). Product Category Rules for Part B: Cement-based Grout, Adhesive Mortar and Self-Leveling Underlayment EPD Requirements, UL 10010–39, V1. UL Environment.
- US EPA. (2012). TRACI: The Tool for the Reduction and Assessment of Chemical and Other Environmental Impacts. Version 2.1 User Guide. Retrieved from https://nepis.epa.gov/Adobe/PDF/P100HN53.pdf
- US EPA. (2020). Advancing Sustainable Materials Management: 2018 Fact Sheet.
- US EPA. (2020). Advancing Sustainable Materials Management: 2018 Fact Sheet. Retrieved from epa.gov: https://www.epa.gov/sites/default/files/2021-01/documents/2018_ff_fact_sheet_dec_2020_fnl_508.pdf
- US EPA. (2023). Documentation for Greenhouse Gas Emission and Energy Factors Used in the Waste Reduction Model (WARM) Background Chapters. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Office of Resource Conservation and Recovery.

